

Introduction

Kibaha Town Council is among the 9 councils of Coast Region which was established on 17th September, 2004 under Act 7 & 8 of 1982 Section 8&9 of the Regional Administration and Local Government (Urban/District Authorities) Under the Ministerial establishment GN No.352 dated 19/04/2004 and the certificate of establishment was issued by Clerk of the National Assembly on 17th October, 2007.

The Council like other Councils is under the supervision of the President's Office, Regional Administration and Local Government. However the running of the Council is vested to 19 Councilors 14 of them being representatives from 14 wards of the council and the rest 5 from special seat. All of them are either elected or nominated in accordance with the section 19 of the Act. Generally the day to day running of the affairs of the council is on the Town Director.

Location

Kibaha Town Council (KTC) is located at 40 Kms away from Dar es Salaam City and borders Ubungu Municipal to the East, Bagamoyo to the North, Kisarawe South and the Small Town of Mlandizi North. It falls under the jurisdiction of Coast Region as one Council out of nine (9). It lies between latitude 6.8° South and longitude 38.2° and 38.5° East and directly linked with Bagamoyo Town by seasonal road

Population

Kibaha Town Council as per 2012, National census report has an estimated population of 128,488 of which 65,835 were Females and 62,653 Males with household number of 17,788 and average size for household of 4.1. About 49% of Kibaha Town Council population is composed of males while 51% are females (2012 National census). The overall sex ratio is 95 males for every 100 females. Currently (2017) Kibaha Town Council is estimated to have the population of 144,241. Among them 70,334 being men and women being 73,906.

Ethnically the inhabitants found are mainly of the Zaramo and Matumbi tribes. However, the composition of the current population is getting more cosmopolitan due to the influx of workers in the industry, businessmen and fortune seekers from other parts of the country.

Nevertheless, the Council has three main ethnic groups namely: Zaramo, Matumbi and Ngindo. The majority of Zaramo occupy the largest part of the Town Council area which covers all wards except Msangani ward, followed by Matumbi occupying all wards with the exception of Kongowe ward as well as the Ngindo. In addition, the council is also occupied by other small

ethnic tribes including the Yao, Makonde, Kwere, Ngoni, Gogo, Sukuma, Nyamwezi, Ndengereko, Mwera, Chaga, Pare and Gweno.

Population Distribution by Broad Age Group and by Sex

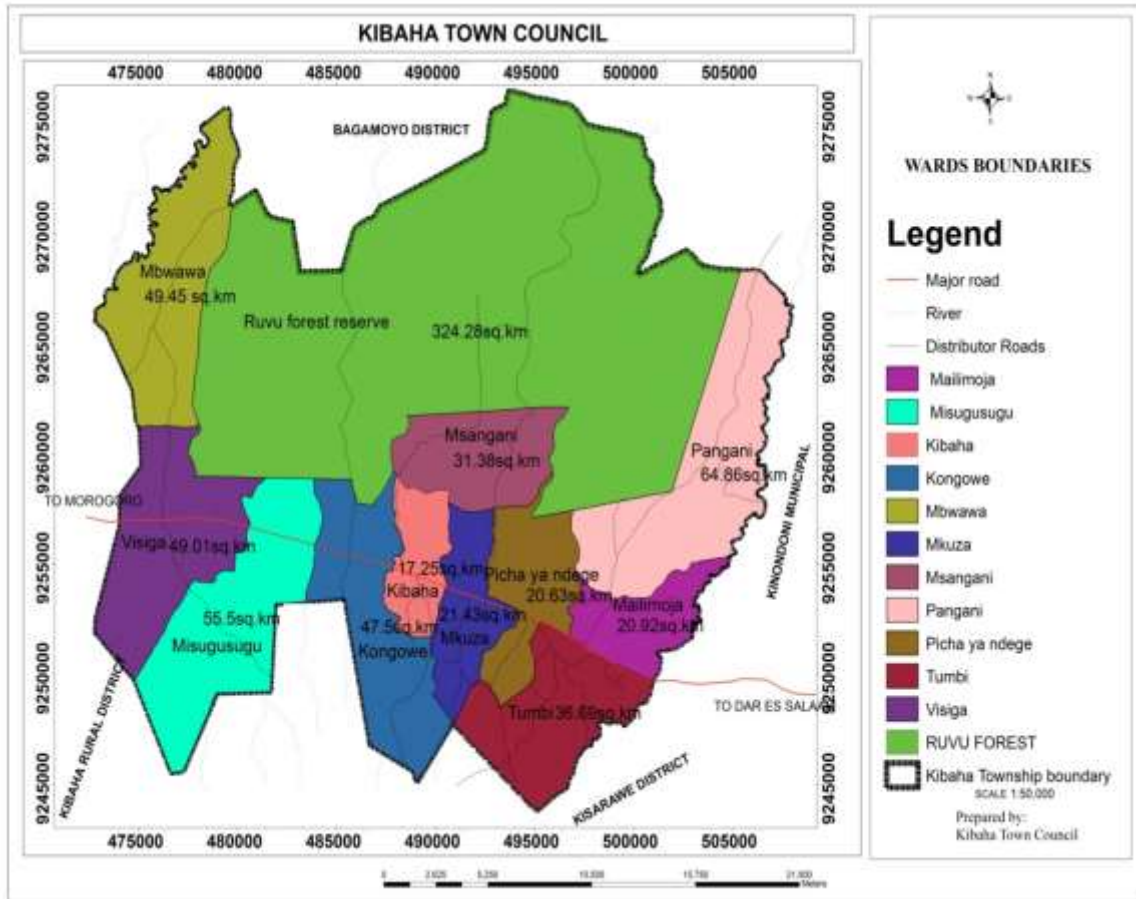
Age Group	Sex			Percent of Total
	Male	Female	Total	
0 – 14	22,305	22,537	44,842	34.9
15 – 29	18,684	21,743	40,427	31.5
30 – 49	14,586	14,453	29,039	22.6
50 – 64	4,639	4,209	8,848	6.9
65 +	2,439	2,893	5,332	4.1
Total	62,653	65,835	128,488	100.0

Source: The 2012 Population and Housing Census Report Volume II

However, Kibaha Town Council is the second smallest council in terms of land area in the Region. The Council has an estimated area of 750 square Kilometres. Out of total land area; 17,490 hectares are dominantly used for residential which contribute almost 50% of KTC own source revenue collection annually. Therefore, 23% of 750 square km is fully used for residential and so one of the important sources of revenue to the council. Formally, Kibaha Town Council was under one Kibaha District Council.

Administrative Structure

Kibaha Town Council falls under the jurisdiction of one administrative body but divided into two (2) Divisions which are Kibaha and Kongowe, Fourteen (14) wards namely Tumbi, Mailimoja, Kibaha, Visiga, Mkuza, Kongowe, Misugusugu, Picha ya Ndege, Msangani, Mbwawa, Pangani, Viziwaziwa, Tangini and Sofu with seventy three (73) streets (Mitaa)



Kibaha Town Council, Ward Boundaries based on 2012 Censuses